

## 6855 Banks

On Wall Street from Wonderland, we have  $n$  banks, with  $10000 > n > 0$ . Each bank has exactly two neighbours, the left ( $L$ ) and right ( $R$ ) neighbour. The first bank's left neighbour is the last bank, while the last bank's right neighbour is the first bank. Each bank  $i$  ( $n > i \geq 0$ ) has a capital  $k_i$  with  $32000 > k_i > -32000$ . The entire capital of all banks put together is known to be positive. Whenever some capital  $k_i$  of bank  $i$  is negative, the Bank Fairy can do a magic move and turn the capital into a positive one. For instance, if  $k_i = -7$ , after the magic move,  $k_i = 7$ . Unfortunately, the magic move has consequences for both neighbours of bank  $i$ . Each sees its capital reduced with the absolute value of the capital of bank  $i$ . For instance if bank  $L$  has capital  $k_L = 5$  and bank  $R$  has capital  $k_R = 11$ , then after the magic move  $k_L = -2$  and  $k_R = 4$ .

Which is the minimal number of magic moves which the Bank Fairy has to do in order to make the capital of all banks greater than or equal to 0?

### Input

The input file contains several test cases, each of them as described below.

On the first line, we have the number  $n$  of banks. On the second line, we have the capitals  $k_i$  ( $n > i \geq 0$ ) of all banks, in the order in which they are found on Wall Street from Wonderland. Each capital is separated by a single whitespace from the next one, except for the final capital which is directly followed by the newline character.

### Output

For each test case, the output contains a single line with the value of the minimal number of magic moves.

### Sample Input

```
4
1 -2 -1 3
```

### Sample Output

```
9
```