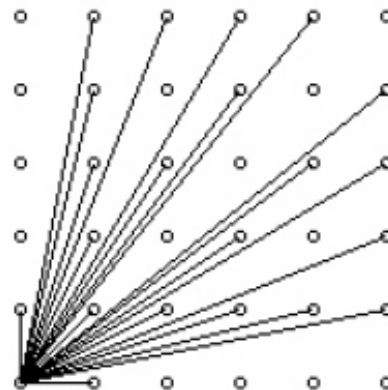


3571 Visible Lattice Points

A lattice point (x, y) in the first quadrant (x and y are integers greater than or equal to 0), other than the origin, is *visible* from the origin if the line from $(0, 0)$ to (x, y) does not pass through any other lattice point. For example, the point $(4, 2)$ is not visible since the line from the origin passes through $(2, 1)$. The figure on the right shows the points (x, y) with $0 \leq x, y \leq 5$ with lines from the origin to the visible points.



Write a program which, given a value for the size, N , computes the number of visible points (x, y) with $0 \leq x, y \leq N$.

Input

The first line of input contains a single integer C , ($1 \leq C \leq 1000$) which is the number of datasets that follow.

Each dataset consists of a single line of input containing a single integer N , ($1 \leq N \leq 1000$), which is the size.

Output

For each dataset, there is to be one line of output consisting of: the dataset number starting at 1, a single space, the size, a single space and the number of visible points for that size.

Sample Input

```
4
2
4
5
231
```

Sample Output

```
1 2 5
2 4 13
3 5 21
4 231 32549
```